

8 WAYS TO KEEP YOUR INSTRUMENTS SAFE



a **xylem** brand

Gearing Up for Fieldwork

Expert tips to prepare you and your equipment for fieldwork



Overview

- 1. Choosing the right instrument
- 2. Inspecting and preparing your sensors
- 3. Maintaining your instrument connections
- 4. Checking batteries and power supply
- 5. Updating firmware and software
- 6. Properly calibrating prior to data collection
- 7. Finalizing your equipment settings
- Prepare a field "Survival Kit"







Choosing the Right Instrument

Spot Sampling vs.
Continuous Monitoring



Water Quality: Spot Sampling

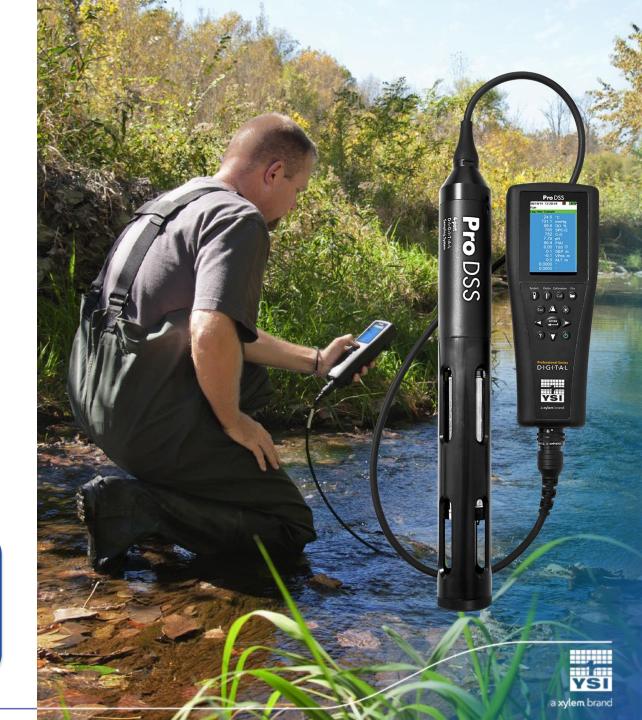
A snapshot of data at a single point in time

Examples when discrete sampling is ideal:

- Spills
- Bacteria levels in recreational areas
- Algae bloom spread in reservoirs
- Groundwater wells with lengthy residence times

Best instrument choice:

ProDSS



Water Quality: Continuous Monitoring

A compilation of snapshots to provide a broad picture over time

Examples when continuous monitoring is ideal:

- When daily/annual loads need to be computed
- Oxygen levels in a wastewater facility
- Turbidity levels in dredging operations
- Groundwater wells used for drinking water



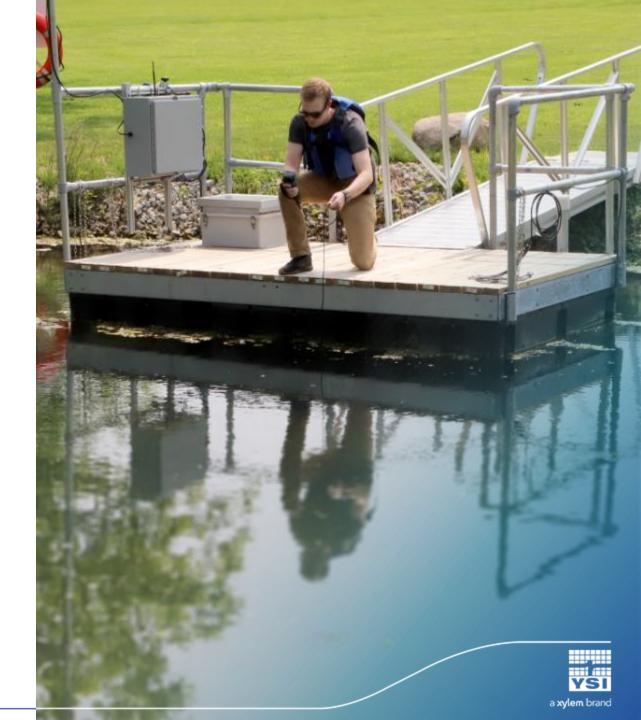


Other Water Quality Instruments

Are you using:

- ProQuatro
- Pro Plus
- ProSolo
- ProODO
- ProSwap
- Or other Pro Series?

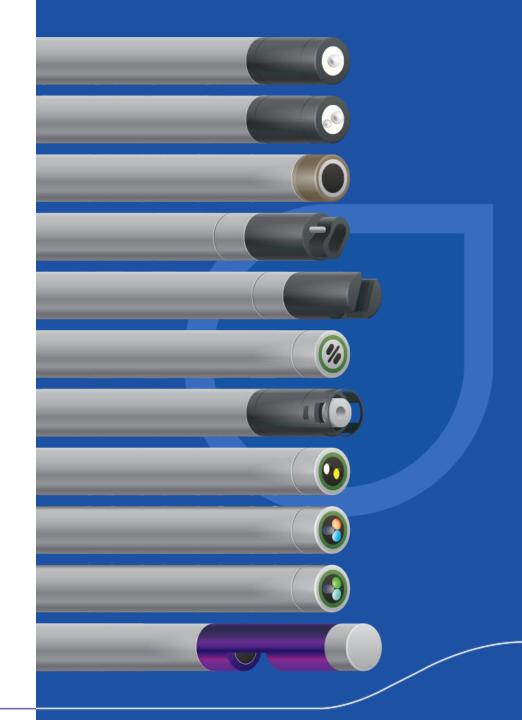
These tips are still for you!



Environmental Sensors

Choose sensors that *tell your story*.

- Harmful Algal Blooms:
 - TAL-PC, Temperature/Conductivity, Dissolved Oxygen, pH, NitraLED, Turbidity
- Sourcewater:
 - Temperature/Conductivity, Dissolved Oxygen, pH/ORP, Turbidity
- Wastewater Discharge:
 - Temperature/Conductivity, fDOM, Turbidity, Dissolved Oxygen, NitraLED
- Estuary Health:
 - Temperature/Salinity, fDOM, Dissolved Oxygen, pH







Inspect Your Sensors

Sensor Storage



- Turbidity
- Total Algae (Phycocyanin/Phycoerythrin + Chlorophyll)
- Conductivity / Temperature
- NitraLED (UV Nitrate)
- Rhodamine
- Ion Selective Electrodes (Ammonium, Chloride, Nitrate)





Visual inspection of sensors may not show anything wrong

Storage conditions can give a heads up!





Can you tell which pH probe was properly stored wet, and which one has dried out?





Rehydrating sensors can help save them...

- But it's not always a guaranteed fix!
- Soak a pH sensor in pH 4 buffer for a few hours or overnight



Only the module will need to be replaced





Three levels of cleaning pH sensors

- Swish sensor in water / dish soap mix
- Soak in 1 Molar HCl solution
 - Vinegar can be used in place of HCI
- Soak in 1:1 Tap water / Bleach solution











If a DO sensor dries out...

- Soak in tap water for several hours or overnight
- Run your sonde and sensor in an aerated bucket overnight







Sensor Condition – DO Caps

Check your optical dissolved oxygen membrane caps for build up or paint loss

- Bio-film can be gently wiped
 - Never use alcohol or harsh cleaner
- If paint layer is scratched or missing, replace the cap
 - Remember to update coefficients





Sensor Condition – Age

Check the serial numbers

YSI Serial Number Conventions:

- For instruments and sensors:
 - First two numbers indicate year of manufacture
 - Letter indicates the month
 - A is for January, B is February, and so on...
 - We skip the letter "I" and use "M" for December
- For pH Modules
 - YYMMDD format is used





Examples:

- 21D = April 2021
- 18A = January 2018
- 14C = March 2014
- 210117 = January 17, 2021



Sensor Condition – Biofouling

EXO Central Wiper is the best tool available

- Keeps all sensors faces clean
- Inspect bristles for splay
- Cleaning can prolong life of brush







Sensor Condition – Biofouling

EXO Central Wiper is the best tool available

- Inspect "Parking Garage"
- Periodic maintenance on o-rings, seals, etc.
- Also consider sonde sleeves, copper tape and sensor guards



Watch for our upcoming webinar on Anti-fouling!

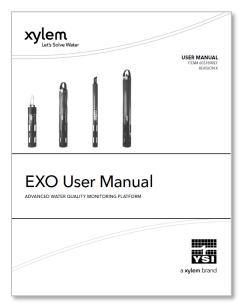


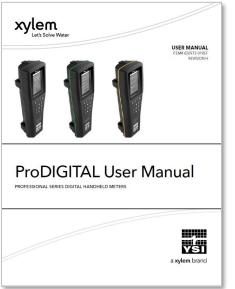


Inspecting Your Sensors

Check the User Manual for proper handling and storage recommendations

- YSI.com > Support > Resource Library
- video.YSI.com











Quick Recap

- Equipment Selection
- Sensor Storage
- Sensor Conditions
- Biofouling











Instrument Sensor Connections

Pro Series Connectors

- Clean and dry sensor connections
- Allow time for pins to completely dry







Instrument Sensor Connections

EXO Connectors

- Allows for swaps in wet conditions, while the smart ports shut down if there are any problems with a sensor
- Bulkhead of sondes, ends of cables, sensors, EXO GO, handheld, USB SOA







Sensor Connections

O-Ring Inspection

- Inspect and replace any damaged or missing O-rings
- <u>Do NOT</u> add more O-rings
- Add a little O-ring grease enough to make it shiny
- More grease is <u>NOT</u> better





Need more info? Watch our video on proper Krytox application!







Check Batteries and Power Supply

Golden Rule #1

Always check your batteries.



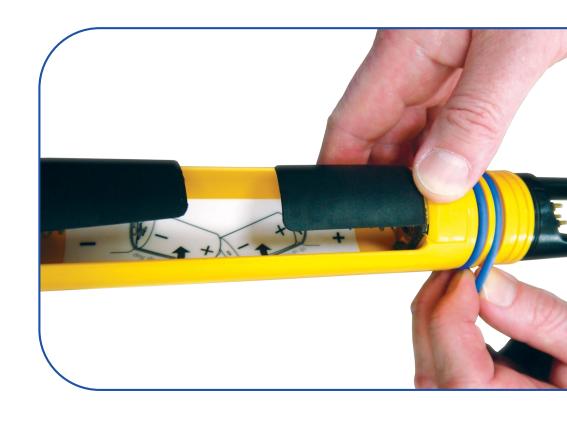
Check Battery and Power Supply

Check the battery compartment for corrosion and other damage.

Prolonged exposure to battery fluids can damage internal compartments of equipment



Treat light corrosion with a mixture of DI water and baking soda.





Powering Supply



DO NOT USE

- Lithium batteries
- Nickel-cadmium (NiCd)



DO USE

- Standard Alkaline batteries
- NiMH D-batteries (10,000 mAH)



HANDHELD CAVEAT
Both the EXO and ProDSS handhelds use
Lithium-ion rechargeable batteries



Lithium-ion Batteries

Do not store these in a dead state!

Charge batteries before storing them

Periodically check batteries.

 If they stay dead too long, they may need replaced









Update Firmware and Software

Golden Rule #2

Make sure your equipment is up to date.



Update Firmware and Software

Kor Software

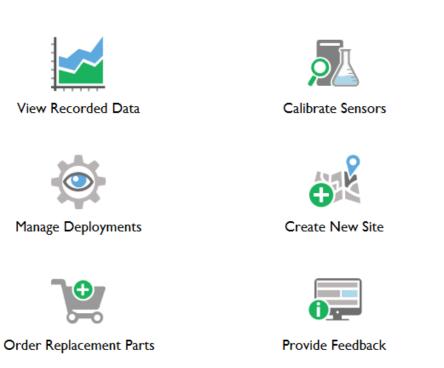
- Turn on Automatic Updates
 - Internet connection
 - Administrative rights

Automatically Update Software and Firmware
On



Configure Handheld

Visit University



What would you like to do?

YSI.com/software



Quick Recap

- Instrument and sensor connections
- Checking batteries and power supply
- Updating firmware and software





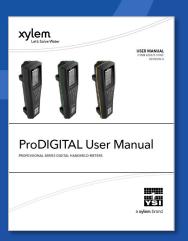




Proper Calibration Prior to Data Collection

Consult the User Manual for full calibration procedures







Properly Calibrate All Your Sensors Prior to Data Collection

Temperature is MOST IMPORTANT

- NIST Traceable Thermistor
 - Can't calibrate with a bad temperature sensor
 - Check your User Manual for temperature sensor specs
 - Perform regular recertification on thermistor





Properly Calibrate All Your Sensors Prior to Data Collection

Check standard expiration dates

Conductivity:

Unopened – glass quarts1 year

Unopened – plastic pints
 18 months

Opened 1 month

Turbidity

Unopened 1 year

Opened 6 months

pH

Unopened2 years

Opened 6 months

Confidence Solutions

Unopened 1 year

Opened 3 months





REMEMBER:

The data you collect is only as good as the calibration you perform.



Properly Calibrate All Your Sensors Prior to Data Collection

Stretch the use of your standards

- "For rinse only"
- Date opened
- "R" on the cap reminder



REMEMBER:

You can reuse standards for rinsing only.



Calibrating Sensors

During Calibration:

- Take note of response times
- Allow enough time for stabilization
- You can expect similar performance issues when trying to collect data











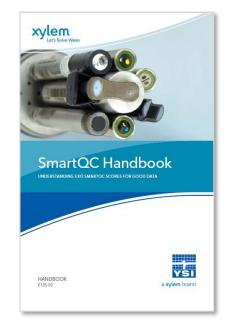
After Calibration

Make note of indicators like:

- Conductivity cell constant
- pH millivolt slope
- DO gain
- SmartQC Score



Don't force a bad calibration!





SmartQC and Calibration Reports inform you of problems and ensure better calibration



After Calibration

Properly dispose of your calibration standards

Consider regional requirements

- Varies in different locations
- Contact local water authorities

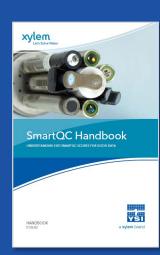


After Calibration

Calibration Tips

- Always verify your temperature sensor
- Always use fresh calibration standards
- Depend on your SOP and User Manuals for full calibration processes
- Pay attention to the QC score









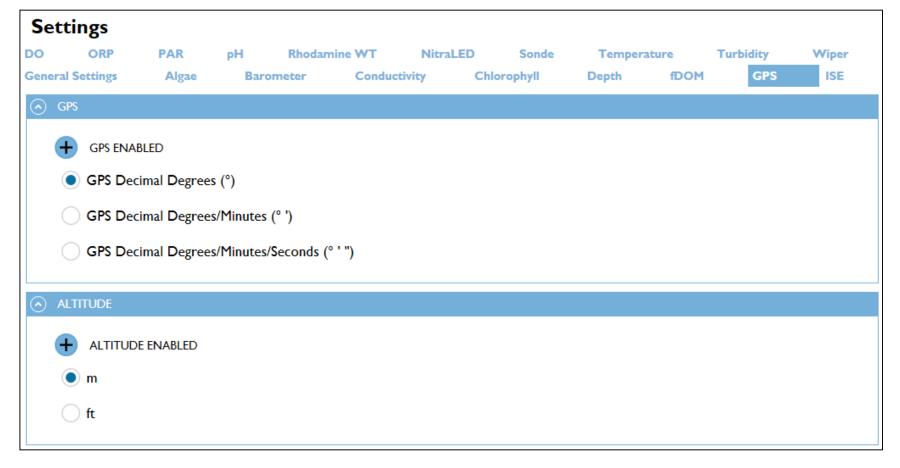






For all monitors:

GPS Coordinates







For all monitors:

- GPS Coordinates
- Site Setup

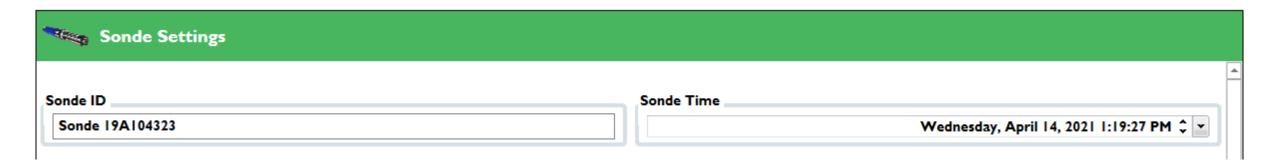






For all monitors:

- GPS Coordinates
- Site Setup
- System Clock

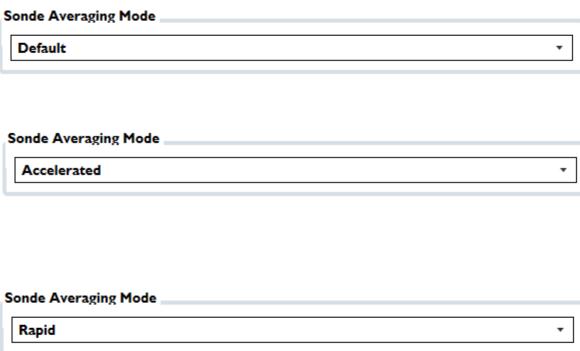






For all monitors:

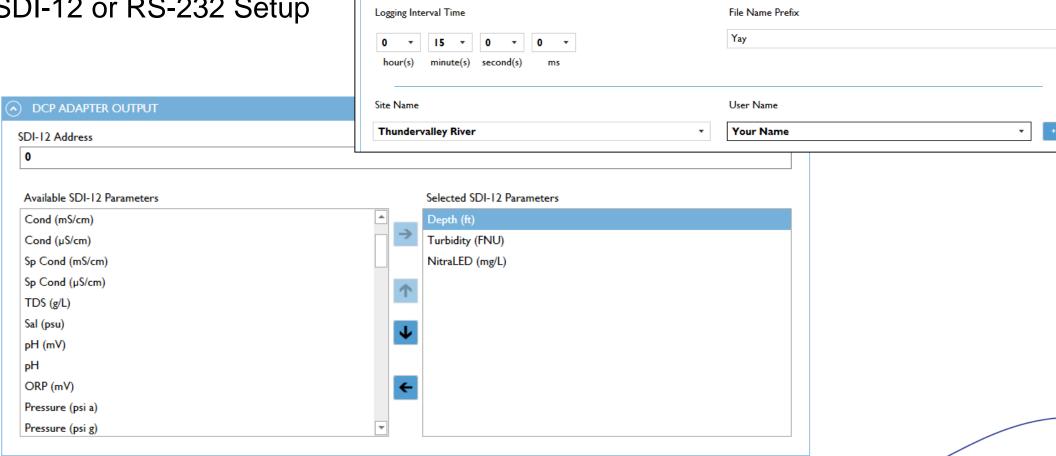
- GPS Coordinates
- Site Setup
- System Clock
- Data Averaging





For continuous monitoring:

SDI-12 or RS-232 Setup



Deployment Template Configuration

Really Awesome Template

BASIC DEPLOYMENT SETTINGS

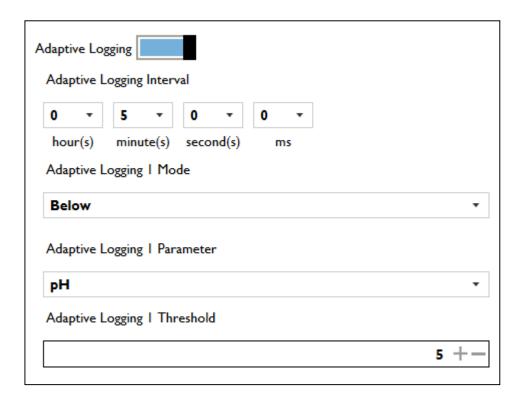
Deployment Template Name:





For continuous monitoring:

- SDI-12 or RS-232 Setup
- Adaptive Logging

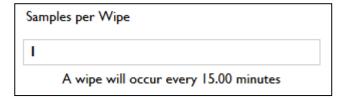






For continuous monitoring:

- SDI-12 or RS-232 Setup
- Adaptive Logging
- Wipe Interval



Samples per Wipe	
4	
A wipe will occur every 60.00 minutes	







Bring a "Survival Kit"

For fouling, troubleshooting, and routine maintenance, have a SURVIVIAL KIT at the ready!

But what do you put in it?



Survival Kit

Make sure you have all the tools to be successful:

- Sensor removal tool
- Wiper brush hex key
- Battery compartment tool
- Extra O-rings
- Krytox grease
- Phillips screwdriver
- Flathead screwdriver
- Small flashlight
- Can of compressed air
- Extra wiper brush
- Lint free cloths
- DI water
- Calibration standards
- Extra cables/sensors
- Gloves

- Port plugs
- Spare batteries
- Conductance sensor brush
- Data cable and USB
- Sensor Wiper retaining nuts/clips





Survival Kit

Optional but recommended:

- Toilet bowl brush for sensor guard
- Stiff bristle brush
- Scrapers for hard growth
- Sensor and sonde shrink sleeves
- Duct tape
- Copper tape
- Magic Erasers
- Simple Green or other cleaner
- Cotton swabs





Quick Recap

- 1. Choosing the right instrument
- 2. Inspecting and preparing your sensors
- 3. Maintaining your instrument connections
- 4. Checking batteries and power supply
- 5. Updating firmware and software
- 6. Properly calibrating prior to data collection
- 7. Finalizing your equipment settings
- Prepare a field "Survival Kit"



Field Guid

Field Survival Guide

TIPS AND RESOURCES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL FIELD WORK

Be prepared every time you head out into the field with your EXO sonde or ProDSS meter. Here are our top tips:



Choose the Right Instrument

YSI offers a variety of equipment for water quality research. Choose the instrument and sensors that works best for your application.

□ **ProDSS**: The Ultimate Sampling Handheld

☐ EXO: Premium Water Quality Monitoring



Inspect Your Sensors

Proper care and maintenance is vital to getting the best readings from your sensors. Make sure parts have been stored correctly and are in good working order.

□ 626963: Replacement ProDSS pH Module

☐ 626964: Replacement ProDSS pH/ORP Module

☐ 626890: Replacement ProDSS ODO Cap

□ 577603-02: Replacement EXO pH Module

□ 577613-02: Replacement EXO pH/ORP Module

☐ **599110**: Replacement EXO ODO Cap

□ 599673: EXO Central Wiper Brush Kit
□ 608085: EXO NitraLED Wiper Brush Kit

☐ 608080: EXO2/EXO3 Alignment Ring Kit







On-Demand Webinars

Webinars

- Technology Reveal: EXO NitraLED UV Nitrate Sensor
- Why Collect Water Quality Data When All You Need is Flow?

Trainings / Tutorials

- EXO University
- ProDSS University

video.YSI.com



YSI Webinar | EXO NitraLED Technology Reveal



Webinar | Why Collect Water Quality Data When All You Need is Flow (or Vise Versa!)





Questions?



