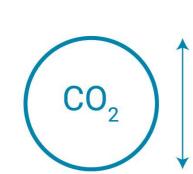


What does one metric ton of carbon look like?



a **xylem** brand

One metric ton of carbon would be 33 feet tall.



Driving the average car **22 MPH** for one year emits 5 metric tons of carbon.



A 3,000-mile round-trip flight (Think Boston to London) emits about 1 ton of CO2 per passenger.

AMI helps reduce the amount of truck rolls and CO2 emissions by offering utilities smart solutions to read meters automatically, remote shut off in the case of emergencies, and make other data-driven decisions.

Reducing truck rolls

The Smart Grid Investment Grant Program collected data from 70 utilities and found that utilities avoided the following throughout a three-year period (2011-2014)



13.7 million truck rolls

(reported by 19 utilities)



68.3 million

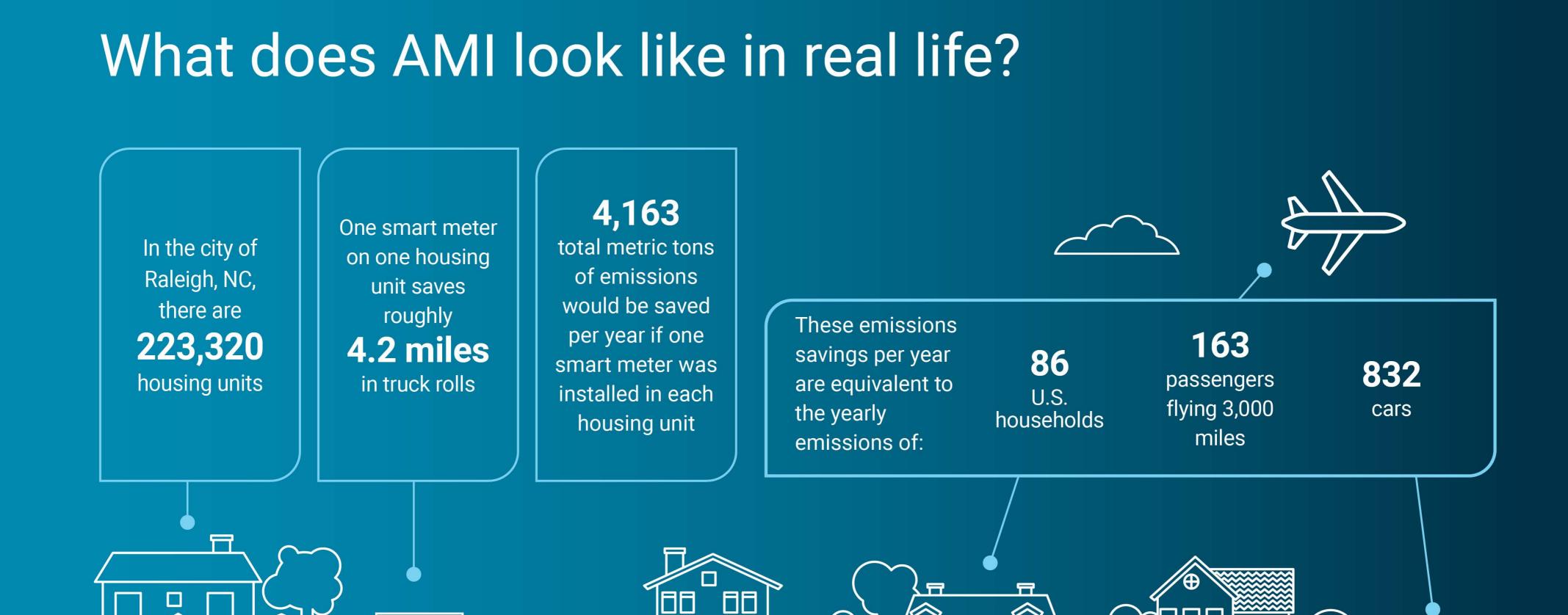
(reported by 40 utilities)



15,160 tons

of CO₂ emissions

(reported by 31 utilities)

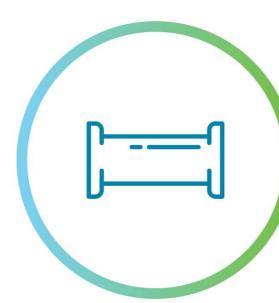


Imagine the sustainability impact for a utility with a diverse group of endpoints.

In addition to sustainability goals – how else does AMI Support your utility?



Pressure measurements



Pipe corrosion control



Remote disconnection for leaks and nonpayment



Improved customer experience



Quicker response time



Real-time intelligence from data

Conclusion

The gas utility sector is facing new challenges to decarbonize their infrastructure while offering more customized solutions to their customers such as enhanced data collection, top-notch safety, early leak detection, and improved corrosion monitoring.

What does outpacing innovation mean for your utility? How do you get started investing in or expanding AMI?



